

Local assets were impacted by local and external factors I omestically, the positive contribution of IP growth (particularly in household consumption and industrial activity) and inflation data did not offset concerns about the slowpace in approving reforms and doubts regarding the government's ability to meet fiscal targets I Isq the SI basis points cutin interest rates was considered neutral, due to the fact that was already anticipated I mong external factors, local prices were affected by the repricing of risk assets and the rise in interest rates It's noteworthy that the ISI a comulated gains in september mainly due to the appreciation of P etrobras - even though the company has been holding back fuel price increases and oil prices continue to rise S inceP etrobras accounts for I4 % of the index **and its stocks appreciated by around 9%, its effect on the index was 116 basis points - more than the IBX itself, which posted an 88 bas increase. In the Equities market, the mainlosses were in the company (-8.2 %) and II (-3.9 %) sectors T he worst results were seen in C asas B ahia (-50.4 %), C II (-29.2 %), and II agazinel uiza (-23.2 %). If ithout the positive contribution from P etrobras S mall C appreciation of fixed norms etroped fixed norms efficiency (-8.2 %). A doll to and IV. S II (-29.2 %), and II agazinel uiza (-23.2 %). If thout the positive contribution from P etrobras S and (-50.4 %), C II (-29.2 %), and II agazinel uiza (-23.2 %). If thout the positive contribution from P etrobras S and (-50.4 %), C II (-29.2 %), and II agazinel uiza (-23.2 %). If thout the positive contribution from P etrobras S and (-50.4 %), C II (-29.2 %), and II agazinel uiza (-23.2 %). If thout the positive contribution from P etrobras S and (-50.4 %), C II (-29.2 %), and II agazinel uiza (-23.2 %). If thout the positive contribution from P etrobras S and (-50.4 %), C II (-29.2 %), and II agazinel uiza (-23.2 %). If thous the positive contribution from P etrobras S and the increase in II so the increase in II so the agazine**

I he K ayapo portfolio returned 0.6 % mtd, accumulating 10.2 % in 2023. The negative highlights of the month were the fixed Income (-0.7 %) and f quities (-0.6 %) classes, which were impacted by both domestic and external economic factors 0 in the other hand, f ixed Income I owl of continued to perform well, with a return of 1.1% for the month and 10.3 % for the year.

PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE (in Brazilian Reais - R\$)

ASSET CLASS	MTD	YTD	12M	24M	36M
FixedIncomeLow/Fol	1,1%	10,3%	14,0%	13,0 %	9,6%
FixedIncome	-0,7%	10,9%	11,7%	9,4%	6,5%
E quities	-0,6%	8,8%	4,0%	-10,5%	-3,4 %
l ayables	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%
Total	0.6%	10.2%	12.5%	10.3%	8.2%

BENCHMARK	MTD	YTD	12M	24M	36M
CDI	1,0 %	9,9%	13,4%	12 , 2 %	9,1%
IRF Comp.	-0,6%	11,4 %	12 , 2 %	9,7%	6,9%
IB X	0,8%	5,5%	5,1%	1,8 %	6,9%
Inflation IP (A	0,3%	3,5%	5,2%	6,2%	7,5%
BENCHMARK	0,7%	10,0%	12,7%	11, 1%	8,6%

ASSET ALLOCATION

Fixed Income Low Viol						80,08		ASSET CLASS	Allocation (R\$)
to at	-	25,0 %			12,0%	5		Fixed Income Low/Vol	13.425.196
Fixed Income	-	21,2%			22			Fixed Income	3.958.877
Equities	6,9%	70				I aximum I llocation		Equities	1.279.866
P ayables	-0 ,0 %				- <i>St</i> 18.	Current Allocation		Payables	(9.357)
-5	% 10 %	25%	40%	55%	115	85%	10 0 %	Total	18 .6 5 4 .5 8 2

GROWTH AND CURRENT ACCOUNT - LOCAL PORTFOLIO (In R\$ Thousands)

ONOWITH		11/10000				(and a						1
GROWTH	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	l
N O M IN A L	8,4%	-1,1%	-1,5 %	9,6%	13,6%	-0,8%	2,5%	5,9%	-5,8%	-5,8%	1,3 %	2,3%	
REAL	3,6%	-6,6%	-7,5%	-1,0 %	6,9%	-3,7%	-1,2 %	1,5 %	-9,9%	-14,5%	-4,2%	-0,9%	
CURRENT ACCOUNT	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	ĺ
IN IT IA L	0	15.469	15.295	15.060	16.509	18.756	18.598	19.067	20.185	19.017	17.905	18.141	ĺ
\$ ubscriptions	14.365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
∎ ithdrawals	0	-729	-1.681	0	0	-1.913	-620	-636	-1.897	-1.137	-1.156	-1.115	
l ccountl osts	-14 4	-99	-254	-278	-348	-299	-18 0	-210	- 15 7	-207	-265	-176	
l eturn	1.248	654	1.701	1.727	2.595	2.054	1.269	1.964	886	231	1.657	1.699	
FIN A L	15.469	15.295	15.060	16.509	18.756	18.598	19.067	20.185	19.017	17.905	18.141	18.549	
ACCOUNT COSTS	-0,6%	-1,6%	-1, 7%	-1, 7%	-1,9%	-1,6%	-10%	-1, 1%	-0,8%	-1, 1%	-1,5%	-0,9%	
SPENDING RATE	-4, 7%	- 10, 1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	-9, 7%	-3,3%	-3,2%	-9,3%	-6,0%	-6,2%	-5,8%	
ll ominal R eturn	9,5%	4,4%	11,4 %	11,5 %	15 , 8 %	11,6 %	7,0 %	10,6%	4,8%	4,8%	9,7%	10 ,2 %	
Inflation IP (A	5,7%	5,9%	6,4%	10 ,7 %	6,3%	2,9%	3,7%	4,3%	4,5%	10 ,1%	5,8%	3,2%	
l eal l eturn	3,6%	-1,4 %	4,7%	0,8%	9,0%	8,4%	3,1%	6,1%	0,2%	-4,8%	3,7%	6,7%	

The difference between the portfolio performance and the portfolio growth is that the latter considers the impacts of transactions and taxes.